# The Patient Health Questionnaire (PHQ-9) - Overview

The PHQ-9 is a multipurpose instrument for screening, diagnosing, monitoring and measuring the severity of depression:

- The PHQ-9 incorporates DSM-IV depression diagnostic criteria with other leading major depressive symptoms into a brief self-report tool.
- The tool rates the frequency of the symptoms which factors into the scoring severity index.
- Question 9 on the PHQ-9 screens for the presence and duration of suicide ideation.
- A follow up, non-scored question on the PHQ-9 screens and assigns weight to the degree to which depressive problems have affected the patient's level of function.

## **Clinical Utility**

The PHQ-9 is brief and useful in clinical practice. The PHQ-9 is completed by the patient in minutes and is rapidly scored by the clinician. The PHQ-9 can also be administered repeatedly, which can reflect improvement or worsening of depression in response to treatment.

## Scoring

See PHQ-9 Scoring on next page.

## **Psychometric Properties**

- The diagnostic validity of the PHQ-9 was established in studies involving 8 primary care and 7 obstetrical clinics.
- **PHQ** scores  $\geq$  10 had a sensitivity of 88% and a specificity of 88% for major depression.
- PHQ-9 scores of 5, 10, 15, and 20 represents mild, moderate, moderately severe and severe depression.<sup>1</sup>

## The Patient Health Questionnaire (PHQ-9) Scoring

### Use of the PHQ-9 to Make a Tentative Depression Diagnosis:

The clinician should rule out physical causes of depression, normal bereavement and a history of a manic/hypomanic episode

#### Step 1: Questions 1 and 2

Need one or both of the first two questions endorsed as a "2" or a "3" (2 = "More than half the days" or 3 = "Nearly every day")

#### Step 2: Questions 1 through 9

Need a total of five or more boxes endorsed within the shaded area of the form to arrive at the total symptom count. (Questions 1-8 must be endorsed as a "2" or a "3"; Question 9 must be endorsed as "1" a "2' or a "3")

### Step 3: Question 10

This question must be endorsed as "Somewhat difficult" or "Very difficult" or "Extremely difficult"

# Use of the PHQ-9 for Treatment Selection and Monitoring

## Step 1

A depression diagnosis that warrants treatment or a treatment change, needs at least one of the first two questions endorsed as positive ("more than half the days" or "nearly every day") in the past two weeks. In addition, the tenth question, about difficulty at work or home or getting along with others should be answered at least "somewhat difficult"

### Step 2

Add the total points for each of the columns 2-4 separately

(Column 1 = Several days; Column 2 = More than half the days; Column 3 = Nearly every day. Add the totals for each of the three columns together. This is the Total Score

The Total Score = the Severity Score

### Step 3

Review the Severity Score using the following TABLE.

PHQ-9 Score	Provisional Diagnosis	Treatment Recommendation Patient Preferences should be considered
5-9	Minimal Symptoms*	Support, educate to call if worse, return in one month
10-14	Minor depression ++ Dysthymia* Major Depression, mild	Support, watchful waiting Antidepressant or psychotherapy Antidepressant or psychotherapy
15-19	Major depression, moderately severe	Antidepressant or psychotherapy
>20	Major Depression, severe	Antidepressant and psychotherapy (especially if not improved on monotherapy)

\* If symptoms present ≥ two years, then probable chronic depression which warrants antidepressants or psychotherapy (ask "In the past 2 years have you felt depressed or sad most days, even if you felt okay sometimes?")

++ If symptoms present  $\geq$  one month or severe functional impairment, consider active treatment

# The Patient Health Questionnaire (PHQ-9)

Patient Name		Date of Visit			
Over the past 2 weeks, how you been bothered by any o following problems?		Not At all	Several Days	More Than Half the Days	Nearly Every Day
1. Little interest or pleasure	in doing things	0	1	2	3
2. Feeling down, depressed	or hopeless	0	1	2	3
3. Trouble falling asleep, sta sleeping too much	aying asleep, or	0	1	2	3
4. Feeling tired or having lit	tle energy	0	1	2	3
5. Poor appetite or overeati	ng	0	1	2	3
6. Feeling bad about yourse failure or have let yourse	5	0	1	2	3
7. Trouble concentrating or reading the newspaper c	5	0	1	2	3
8. Moving or speaking so sl people could have notice being so fidgety or restle been moving around a lo	d. Or, the opposite - ss that you have	0	1	2	3
9. Thoughts that you would or of hurting yourself in s		0	1	2	3
	Column	Totals		+ +	F
	Add Totals To	gether			

10. If you checked off any problems, how difficult have those problems made it for you to Do your work, take care of things at home, or get along with other people?

Not difficult at all	Somewhat difficult	Very difficult	Extremely	/ difficult
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