Clinical Policy: DNA Analysis of Stool to Screen for Colorectal Cancer

Reference Number: CP.MP.125
Last Review Date: 07/19

See Important Reminder at the end of this policy for important regulatory and legal information.

Description
Cologuard is a noninvasive screening test for colon cancer. This test comprises a multi-target screen for several aberrant DNA markers of colon cancer, as well as a hemoglobin immunoassay. This policy describes the medical necessity requirements for DNA analysis of stool with Cologuard.

Policy/Criteria
I. It is the policy of health plans affiliated with Centene Corporation® that screening for colorectal cancer by DNA analysis of stool (i.e., Cologuard) is medically necessary every three years when meeting the following:
   A. Age 50-85 years;
   B. Asymptomatic and at average risk for colon cancer;
   C. Is not within the standard interval of another screening test for colon cancer.

II. It is the policy of health plans affiliated with Centene Corporation that DNA analysis of stool (i.e., Cologuard) is experimental/investigational for any circumstances other than those specified above.

Background
Colorectal cancer has become the second leading cause of cancer-related deaths in the United States, according to the latest statistics. Multi-target stool testing for colorectal cancer is a noninvasive DNA test that screens for multiple lesions, including those related to Kras mutations, NDRG4 and BMP3 methylations, β-actin, and hemoglobin immunoassay. The FDA approved Cologuard (Exact Sciences) based on this multi-target stool testing. The sensitivity for detecting colorectal cancer from the multi-target DNA testing was 92.3% (60 of 65) and 73.8% (48 of 65) with fecal immunohistochemical tests (FIT), which look for intact human hemoglobin. Multi-target DNA testing is not a replacement for diagnostic colonoscopy testing in patients at high risk for colorectal cancer.

American Cancer Society
2018 Guidelines by the ACS give a qualified recommendation for screening for colorectal cancer starting at age 45. A qualified recommendation “indicates there is clear evidence of benefit of screening but less certainty about the balance of benefits and harms, or about patients’ values and preferences, which could lead to different decisions about screening.” The ACS gives a strong recommendation that colorectal cancer screening be performed in adults aged 50-75, and a qualified recommendation for adults aged 76-85.

United States Preventative Services Task Force (USPSTF)
The USPSTF recommends screening for colorectal cancer starting at age 50 years and continuing until age 75 years. According to this recommendation, the specificity of FIT-DNA is lower than
that of FIT alone, and has a higher number of false-positive results, as well as a higher likelihood of follow-up colonoscopy and associated adverse events per screening test.\textsuperscript{3} While no longitudinal follow-up data exists, with an abnormal FIT-DNA test result followed by a negative colonoscopy, there is potential for overly intensive surveillance due to clinician and patient concerns about the implications of the genetic component of the test.\textsuperscript{3}

**National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN)**

NCCN states that “the data in an average-risk individual indicate that stool DNA performs well,” noting also that there are “no or limited data in high-risk individuals and the use of stool DNA should be individualized.” NCCN recommends colorectal cancer screening for average-risk individuals 50-75 years of age, and on an individualized basis for those 76-85 years of age.

**Multi-Society Task Force for Colorectal Cancer**

The American College of Gastroenterology, the American Gastroenterological Association, and the American Society for Gastrointestinal Endoscopy issued a joint statement recommending FIT-fecal DNA tests every 3 years, as a second-tier screening tool for colorectal cancer. They offer a strong recommendation, based on high-quality evidence, for colorectal cancer screening beginning at age 50. Based on limited evidence and the high incidence of colorectal cancer in African-Americans, they recommend screening for this population starting at age 45.

**Coding Implications**

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<th>CPT\textsuperscript{®} Codes</th>
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<td>Oncology (colorectal) screening, quantitative real time target and signal amplification of 10 DNA markers (KRAS mutations, promoter methylation of NDRG4 and BMP3) and fecal hemoglobin, utilizing stool, algorithm reported as a positive or negative result</td>
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<th>ICD-10-CM Diagnosis Codes that Support Coverage Criteria</th>
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DNA Analysis of Stool

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals

| Policy converted from Health Net policy | 08/16 | 09/16 |
| Added that request is not within the standard interval of another normal screen for colon cancer. | 10/16 | |
| Removed parenthetical example of appropriate intervals for colon cancer screening in I.C. | 06/17 | |
| References reviewed and updated. | 09/17 | 09/17 |
| Background updated. References reviewed and updated. HCPCs code G0464 removed from the policy as the code is deleted in 2018. | 07/18 | 07/18 |
| References reviewed and updated | 05/19 | 07/19 |

References


Important Reminder

This clinical policy has been developed by appropriately experienced and licensed health care professionals based on a review and consideration of currently available generally accepted standards of medical practice; peer-reviewed medical literature; government agency/program approval status; evidence-based guidelines and positions of leading national health professional organizations; views of physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas affected by this clinical policy; and other available clinical information. The Health Plan makes no representations and accepts no liability with respect to the content of any external information used or relied upon in
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The purpose of this clinical policy is to provide a guide to medical necessity, which is a component of the guidelines used to assist in making coverage decisions and administering benefits. It does not constitute a contract or guarantee regarding payment or results. Coverage decisions and the administration of benefits are subject to all terms, conditions, exclusions and limitations of the coverage documents (e.g., evidence of coverage, certificate of coverage, policy, contract of insurance, etc.), as well as to state and federal requirements and applicable Health Plan-level administrative policies and procedures.

This clinical policy is effective as of the date determined by the Health Plan. The date of posting may not be the effective date of this clinical policy. This clinical policy may be subject to applicable legal and regulatory requirements relating to provider notification. If there is a discrepancy between the effective date of this clinical policy and any applicable legal or regulatory requirement, the requirements of law and regulation shall govern. The Health Plan retains the right to change, amend or withdraw this clinical policy, and additional clinical policies may be developed and adopted as needed, at any time.

This clinical policy does not constitute medical advice, medical treatment or medical care. It is not intended to dictate to providers how to practice medicine. Providers are expected to exercise professional medical judgment in providing the most appropriate care, and are solely responsible for the medical advice and treatment of members. This clinical policy is not intended to recommend treatment for members. Members should consult with their treating physician in connection with diagnosis and treatment decisions.

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Note: For Medicaid members, when state Medicaid coverage provisions conflict with the coverage provisions in this clinical policy, state Medicaid coverage provisions take precedence. Please refer to the state Medicaid manual for any coverage provisions pertaining to this clinical policy.

Note: For Medicare members, to ensure consistency with the Medicare National Coverage Determinations (NCD) and Local Coverage Determinations (LCD), all applicable NCDs, LCDs,
and Medicare Coverage Articles should be reviewed prior to applying the criteria set forth in this clinical policy. Refer to the CMS website at http://www.cms.gov for additional information.

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