

Division: Pharmacy Policy	Subject: Prior Authorization Criteria
Original Development Date: Original Effective Date:	October 8, 2015
Revision Date:	December 29, 2021

DARAPRIM[®] (pyrimethamine)

<u>LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATION:</u> Initial: 2 months Continuation of therapy: up to 6 months

INITIAL REVIEW CRITERIA:

Malaria Prophylaxis

- Although FDA-approved for the prophylaxis of malaria, the United States Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) does NOT recommend the use of pyrimethamine for this indication.
 - http://wwwnc.cdc.gov/travel/yellowbook/2016/infectious-diseases-related-totravel/malaria#4904
- Trial and failure of preferred agents (i.e., hydroxychloroquine sulfate, primaquine and mefloquine) **AND**
- Trial and failure of generic Pyrimethamine before the use of the brand Daraprim® is required.

o Malaria Treatment

- Although FDA-approved for the treatment of malaria, the CDC does NOT recommend pyrimethamine for the treatment of malaria.
 - http://www.cdc.gov/malaria/resources/pdf/treatmenttable.pdf
- Trial and failure of preferred agents (i.e., hydroxychloroquine sulfate, primaquine and mefloquine) **AND**
- Trial and failure of generic Pyrimethamine before the use of the brand Daraprim® is required.

Toxoplasmosis-Primary Prophylaxis

- Patient must have a diagnosis of HIV/AIDS AND
- Patient must have a CD4 count <100 cells/microL AND
- Patient must test positive for Toxoplasmosis gondii IgG antibodies AND
- Intolerance to recommended first line agent TMP-SMX (trimethoprimsulfamethoxazole); description of specific intolerance to TMP-SMX must be documented in progress notes **AND**
- Documentation stating why atovaquone 1500 mg once daily is not acceptable for primary prophylaxis AND
- Trial and failure of generic Pyrimethamine before the use of the brand Daraprim® is required.

Toxoplasmosis-AIDS associated-CNS

- Diagnosis made by an infectious disease specialist, neurologist or HIV specialist AND
- Patient with a diagnosis of HIV/AIDS must have a CD4 count <100 cells/microL AND
- Clinical syndrome of headache, fever and neurological symptoms must be present **AND**





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- Submission of positive serum testing for Toxoplasmosis gondii IgG antibodies (not always present) **AND**
- Brain imaging (CT or MRI) demonstrating typical radiographic ring-enhancing lesions
 AND
- If patient is not already receiving antiretroviral treatment; orders to start antiretroviral treatment within at least two-three weeks of toxoplasmosis diagnosis AND
- Trial and failure of generic Pyrimethamine before the use of the brand Daraprim® is required.

o Toxoplasmosis-AIDS related-Chronic Maintenance Therapy

- Patient has completed six weeks of active treatment for AIDS-related toxoplasmosis
 AND
- CT scan or MRI documents improvement in the ring-enhancing lesions prior to initiating maintenance therapy **AND**
- Patient has documented improvement in clinical symptoms documented in physical exam
 AND
- Documentation that explains why a non-pyrimethamine based therapy is an inappropriate choice **AND**
- Trial and failure of generic Pyrimethamine before the use of the brand Daraprim® is required.

Prevention and Treatment of Opportunistic Infections among HIV-Exposed and HIV-Infected Children

- Primary Prophylaxis in children with intolerance to first line SMZ-TMP:
 Pyrimethamine 1 mg/kg (maximum 25 mg) by mouth once daily plus either dapsone and leucovorin.
- Secondary Prophylaxis: Pyrimethamine 1mg/kg or 15mg/m² (maximum 25mg) by mouth once daily plus sulfadiazine and leucovorin
- Treatment: Pyrimethamine 2 mg/kg (maximum 50 mg) by mouth once daily for 2-3 days then 1 mg/kg (maximum 25 mg) by mouth once daily with leucovorin and sulfadiazine for up to 12 months **AND**
- Trial and failure of generic Pyrimethamine before the use of the brand Daraprim® is required.

o Toxoplasmosis-non-AIDS related

- Diagnosis by an infectious disease specialist AND
- Trial and failure of generic Pyrimethamine before the use of the brand Daraprim® is required.





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CONTINUATION OF THERAPY:

o Toxoplasmosis-Primary Prophylaxis

- Compliance to prescribed medication
- Submit current CD4 counts. Once CD4 count >200 cells/microL for at least 3 months, discontinue.

Restart primary prophylaxis if CD4 count <200 cells/microL

Toxoplasmosis- AIDS associated-CNS

- Compliance to prescribed medication
- Improvement on brain imaging (CT or MRI)
- Improvement of clinical symptoms

o Toxoplasmosis-AIDS-related Chronic Maintenance Therapy

- Patient has a detectable HIV viral load AND
- Patient has a CD4 count ≤ 200 cells/microL AND
- Patient is compliant with antiretroviral treatment regimen
- Discontinue chronic maintenance therapy when patient has no signs or symptoms of toxoplasmosis infection and CD4 count > 200 cells/microL for greater than six months while receiving an antiretroviral treatment regimen

DOSING & ADMINISTRATION:

- Refer to product labeling https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cder/daf/
- Available as 25mg tablets.

